In the Claims:

Please cancel claims 22 and 31-37 without prejudice.

1. – 16. (Canceled).

17. (Currently amended) A computer implemented method of generating a document, where one or more computers are programmed to perform steps comprising:

receiving a document template;

receiving content data;

combining the document template and the content data to generate a document in a first context, wherein the document comprises a relative uniform resource locator (URL) that is relative to a first site base associated with the first context of the document;

receiving a request to publish the document to a second context associated with a second site base;

modifying the relative URL such that it is relative to the second site base associated with the second context; and

publishing the document, including the modified relative URL, to the second context.

~~publishing the document to a current location;~~
~~identifying a current relative uniform resource locator (URL) in the document;~~
~~identifying a new relative URL corresponding to the current relative URL in the document;~~

~~modifying the document based on the new relative URL to generate a modified~~
~~document; and~~

~~publishing the modified document to a new location.~~

18. (Currently amended) The method of claim 17, wherein the content data is received through a ~~second~~ user interface having functionality defined by a first user interface.

19. (Currently amended) The method of claim 18, wherein functionality of the ~~second~~ user interface is determined by the document template.

20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 17, wherein the document template defines an editable section.

21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the content data is received from a user.

22. (Cancelled).

23. (Currently amended) The method of claim 17, wherein the ~~new~~ modified relative URL ~~in the modified document~~ identifies a publish type.

24. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the publish type is a page preview.

25. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the publish type is a local publish.

26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the publish type is an external publish.

27. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the publish type is a local stage.

28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 23, wherein the publish type is an external stage.

29. (Currently amended) A computer implemented method of generating a document, where one or more computers are programmed to perform steps comprising:

receiving a web page document template and web page content data;

combining the web page document template and the web page content data to generate a first web page document;

publishing the first web page document to a first location an editing context for previewing the web page document prior to publishing the document;

receiving a request to publish the web page document to a viewing context for viewing the web page document; and

in response to receiving the request to publish the web page document:

determining that the web page document comprises a relative URL that is relative to a site base associated with the editing context;

modifying the relative URL such that it is relative to a site base associated with the viewing context; and

publishing the web page document, including the modified relative URL, to the viewing context.

determining a second location to publish the first document;

identifying a current relative uniform resource locator (URL) in the first document corresponding to the first location;

modifying the current relative URL in the first document to correspond to the second location; and

publishing the modified first document to the second location.

30-37. (Canceled).

38.   (New) A computer implemented method of maintaining the integrity of a uniform resource locator (URL), comprising:

generating a document in a first context, wherein the document comprises a plurality of uniform resource locators (URLs), wherein at least one of the URLs comprises a relative URL that is relative to a site base associated with the first context, and wherein at least one of the URLs comprises a relative URL that is relative to a site base associated with the a second context;

receiving a request to publish the document to the second context; and

in response to receiving the request to publish the document to the second context:

determining that a first URL of the plurality of URLs comprises a first relative URL that is relative to a site base associated with the first context;

determining that a second URL of the plurality of URLs comprises a second relative URL that is relative to a site base associated with the second context;

modifying the first URL such that it is relative to a site base associated with the second context;

not modifying the second URL; and

publishing the document, including the modified first URL, to the second context.

39. (New) The method of claim 38, wherein the first URL is a site relative URL.

40. (New) The method of claim 38, wherein the first URL is a document relative URL.

41. (New) The method of claim 38, wherein the first URL is a template relative URL.

42. (New) The method of claim 38, wherein the first URL is a page relative URL.

43. (New) The method of claim 38, wherein the first URL is a system relative URL.

44. (New) The method of claim 17, wherein the document comprises a plurality of URLs, wherein at least one of the URLs comprises a first relative URL type that is relative to a first site base associated with the first context, and wherein at least one of the URLs comprises a second relative URL type that is relative to a second site base associated with the second context; and

further comprising, for each of the plurality of URLs, determining whether the URL needs to be modified based on the second context to publish the document to and a URL type of the respective URL.

45. (New) The method of claim 29, further comprising:

determining that the web page comprises an other relative URL that is relative to a site base associated with the viewing context; and

not modifying the other relative URL.